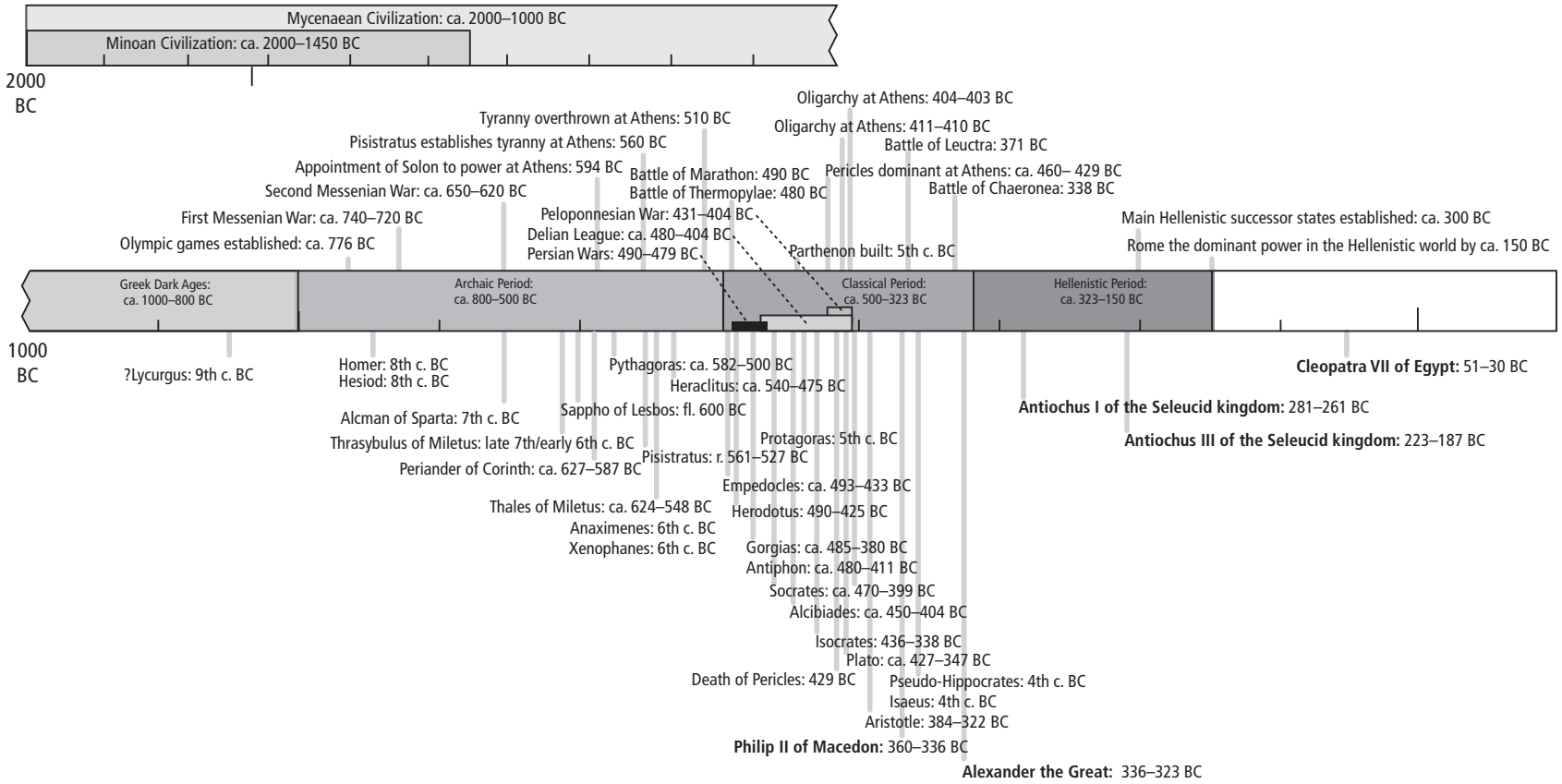
GREEK WORLD


Mycenaean Civilization: ca. 2000–1000 BC
Minoan Civilization: ca. 2000–1450 BC
2000 BC
Oligarchy at Athens: 404–403 BC
Tyranny overthrown at Athens: 510 BC
Oligarchy at Athens: 411–410 BC
Pisistratus establishes tyranny at Athens: 560 BC
Battle of Leuctra: 371 BC
Appointment of Solon to power at Athens: 594 BC
Battle of Marathon: 490 BC
Pericles dominant at Athens: ca. 460– 429 BC
Second Messenian War: ca. 650–620 BC
Battle of Thermopylae: 480 BC
Battle of Chaeronea: 338 BC
First Messenian War: ca. 740–720 BC
Peloponnesian War: 431–404 BC
Main Hellenistic successor states established: ca. 300 BC
Delian League: ca. 480–404 BC
Olympic games established: ca. 776 BC
Persian Wars: 490–479 BC
Parthenon built: 5th c. BC
Rome the dominant power in the Hellenistic world by ca. 150 BC
Greek Dark Ages: ca. 1000–800 BC
Archaic Period: ca. 800–500 BC
Classical Period: ca. 500–323 BC
Hellenistic Period: ca. 323–150 BC
1000 BC
?Lycurgus: 9th c. BC
Homer: 8th c. BC
Hesiod: 8th c. BC
Pythagoras: ca. 582–500 BC
Cleopatra VII of Egypt: 51–30 BC
Heraclitus: ca. 540–475 BC
Antiochus I of the Seleucid kingdom: 281–261 BC
Sappho of Lesbos: fl. 600 BC
Alcman of Sparta: 7th c. BC
Protagoras: 5th c. BC
Antiochus III of the Seleucid kingdom: 223–187 BC
Thrasybulus of Miletus: late 7th/early 6th c. BC
Pisistratus: r. 561–527 BC
Periander of Corinth: ca. 627–587 BC
Empedocles: ca. 493–433 BC
Thales of Miletus: ca. 624–548 BC
Herodotus: 490–425 BC
Anaximenes: 6th c. BC
Xenophanes: 6th c. BC
Gorgias: ca. 485–380 BC
Antiphon: ca. 480–411 BC
Socrates: ca. 470–399 BC
Alcibiades: ca. 450–404 BC
Isocrates: 436–338 BC
Plato: ca. 427–347 BC
Death of Pericles: 429 BC
Pseudo-Hippocrates: 4th c. BC
Isaeus: 4th c. BC
Aristotle: 384–322 BC
Philip II of Macedon: 360–336 BC
Alexander the Great: 336–323 BC